planar side chain, or a bulky charged side chain; E is a bulky substituent, but is not the side chain of D-tryptophan, L-N-methyltryptophan, L-homophenylalanine, L-2-naphthyl L-etrahydroisoquinoline,

5 L-cyclohexylalanine, D-leucine, L-fluorenylalanine, or L-histidine;

F is the side chain of L-arginine, Lhomoarginine, L-citrulline, or L-canavanine, or a bioisostere thereof; and

- 10 X is  $-(CH_2)_nNH-$  or  $(CH_2)_n-S-$ , where n is an integer of from 1 to 4;  $-(CH_2)_2O_-$ ;  $-(CH_2)_3O_-$ ;  $-(CH_2)_3-$ ; -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-; -CH<sub>2</sub>COCHRNH-; or -CH<sub>2</sub>-CHCOCHRNH-, where R is the side chain of any common or uncommon amino acid.
  - З. A method according to claim 2, in which n is 2 or
- 15 3.

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- 4. A method according to claim 2 or claim 3, in which A is an acetamide group, an aminomethyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted sulphonamide group.
- 5. A method according to claim 3, in which A is a substituted sulphonamide, and the substituent is an alkyl chain of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or a phenyl or toluyl group.
  - A method according to claim 5, in which the substituent is an alkyl chain of 1 to 4 carbon atoms.
  - 7. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 6,
- in which B is the side chain of L-phenylalanine or L-25 phenylglycine.
  - 8. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 7, in which C is the side chain of glycine, alanine, leucine, valine, proline, hydroxyproline, or thioproline.
- 30 A method according to any one of claims 2 to 8, 9. in which D is the side chain of D-Leucine, D-homoleucine, D-cyclohexylalanine, D-homocyclohexylalanine, D-valine, Dnorleucine, D-homo-norleucine, D-phenylalanine, Dtetrahydroisoquinoline, D-glutamine, D-glutamate, or D-35 tyrosine.
  - 10. A method according to any one of claims 2 to 9, in which E is the side chain of an amino acid selected

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from the group consisting of L-phenylalanine, L-tryptophan and L-homotryptophan, or is L-1-napthyl or L-3-benzothienyl alanine.

- 11. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 10, in which the inhibitor is a compound which has antagonist activity against C5aR, and has no C5a agonist activity.
- 12. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 11, in which the inhibitor has potent antagonist activity at sub-micromolar concentrations.
- 10 13. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 12, in which the compound has a receptor affinity IC50< 25 $\mu$ M, and an antagonist potency IC50<  $1\mu$ M.
  - 14. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 13, in which the compound is selected from the group
- 15 consisting of compounds 1 to 6, 10 to 15, 17, 19, 20, 22, 25, 26, 28, 30, 31, 33 to 37, 39 to 45, 47 to 50, 52 to 58 and 60 to 70 described in PCT/AU02/01427.
  - 15. A method according to claim 14, in which the compound is PMX53 (compound 1), compound 33, compound 60 or compound 45 described in PCT/AU02/01427.
  - 16. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 15, in which the inhibitor is used in conjunction with one or more other agents for the treatment of inflammatory bowel disease.
- 25 17. A method according to claim 16, in which the other agent is infliximab or is an inhibitor of C3a.
  18. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 17, in which the treatment is to prevent or alleviate acute

recurrences of inflammatory bowel disease.

- 30 19. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 17, in which the treatment is to prevent or alleviate a primary occurrence of inflammatory bowel disease.
  - 20. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 19, in which the inflammatory bowel disease is selected from
- 35 the group consisting of ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, lymphocytic-plasmocytic enteritis, coeliac disease, collagenous colitis, lymphocytic colitis and

eosinophilic enterocolitis, indeterminate colitis, infectious colitis, pseudomembranous colitis (necrotizing colitis), and ischemic inflammatory bowel disease.

- 21. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 19,
- 5 in which the inflammatory bowel disease is ulcerative colitis.
  - 22. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 19, in which the inflammatory bowel disease is Crohn's disease.
- 10 23. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 19, in which the inflammatory bowel disease is selected from the group consisting of enterocolitis, canine plasmacytic-lymphocytic colitis, protothecal colitis, and histocytic ulcerative colitis.
- 15 24. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 21, in which the inhibitor is administered in an enteric coated capsule or per-rectally.
  - 25. Use of a compound as defined in any one of claims 1 to 15 in the manufacture of a medicament for the
- 20 treatment of inflammatory bowel disease.